

### Integration of Regional Lidar to Expand **Shoaling Rate Analytics Beyond Navigation Channels**

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#### **Coastal Sediments '23**

#### **COASTAL INLETS RESEARCH PROGRAM**



**US Army Corps** of Engineers



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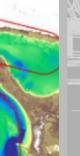
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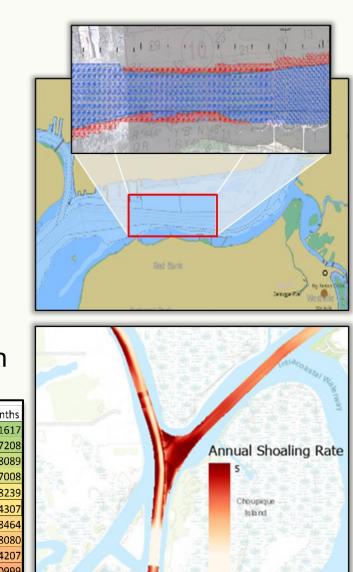


### Problem

- Quantitative analysis of navigation channel conditions is critically important to supporting the USACE Navigation Mission area.
- Accurate shoaling estimation is critical for designing various aspects of navigation projects:
  - Advanced maintenance depth selections
  - Dredged material management plan development
  - Erosion control and sediment training structure designs.
- Current shoaling estimates limited to Federally authorized navigation channel dimensions

Sample report providing volumes at different depth/time intervals and shoaling rates

		RelativeDepth	0_Months	6_Months	12_Months	18_Months	24_Months	30_Months	36_Months
		VA_s5	170	268	17011	110995	256638	439863	651617
	õ	VA_s4	380	629	37849	160493	333984	543181	777208
	6	VA_s3	822	1848	73338	230601	435783	671386	928089
	(12990)	VA_s2	1760	10408	131878	330139	568150	830209	1107008
J		VA_s1	8097	46367	228386	470456	739993	1024519	1318239
	Harbor	VA_p0	22591	131827	382466	663121	956930	1258243	1564307
4	На	VA_p1	69944	325969	618266	919374	1226110	1536123	1848464
1	Q	VA_p2	352952	646087	948645	1257045	1568686	1882661	2198080
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	¥	VA_p4	1076911	1386917	1701263	2017559	2334818	2652699	2970999
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			0_months co	olumn is equ	ivalent to Sur	nmary Plannir	ng Quantities	(SPQs)	



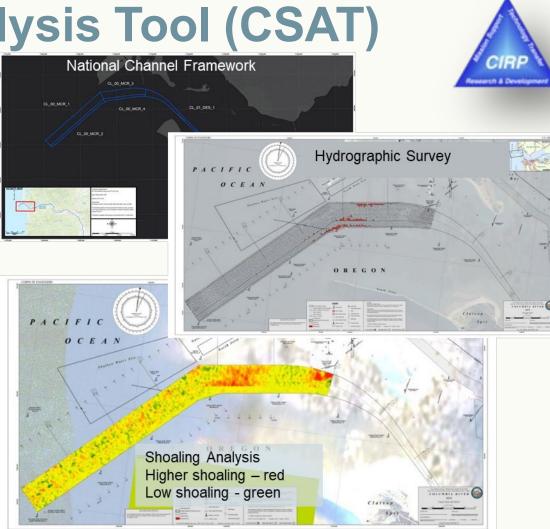
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## **Corps Shoaling Analysis Tool (CSAT)**

#### Description

- CSAT estimates shoaling rates using hydrographic surveys within the boundary of the National Channel Framework.
- CSAT uses the historical shoaling rates to predict future dredging volumes at various channel depth intervals.
- Where are shoaling 'hot spots' within the navigation channel?
- How has shoaling changed as a result of meteorological events (extratropical storm, rainfall or drought periods), dredge schedule change or dredge type change?

https://cirp.usace.army.mil/products/csat.php



National Channel Framework, hydrographic survey map sheet from eHydro, and the shoaling rate prediction for Columbia River, OR.

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### **Capability and Strategic Impact Statement**

Shoaling rates can be used to identify hot spots or areas of increased sedimentation, *allowing engineers and scientists to evaluate environmental and human-induced changes on the Navigation portfolio*. Additionally, CSAT shoaling rates and channel navigability supports decision makers efforts to *maximize the use of Operations and Maintenance (O&M) funding* in the Navigation Business Line.

### Expanding CSAT Capabilities beyond the NCF

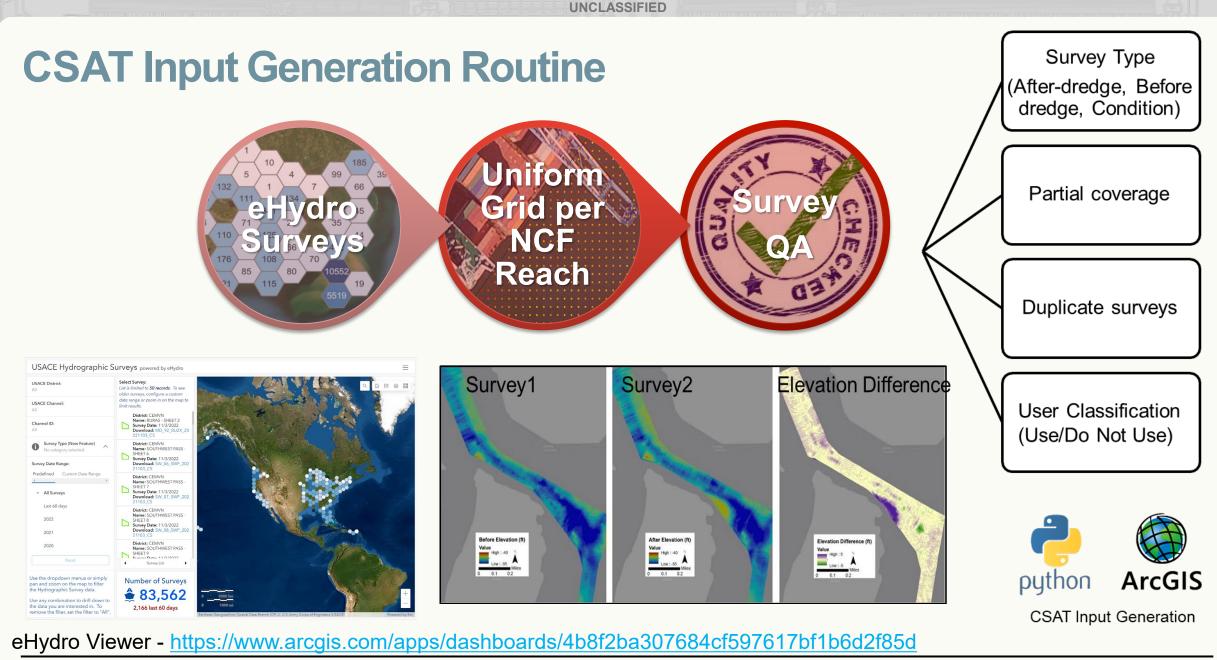
- CSAT currently estimates shoaling rates using hydrographic surveys within the boundary of the National Channel Framework.
- Sediment migration patterns within the vicinity of the NCF are important to understand.
- Availability of high-resolution regional topobathy lidar datasets provides opportunity to expand CSAT capabilities.

### National Coastal Mapping Program

- Develops regional, repetitive, highresolution, high-accuracy elevation and imagery data
- To build an understanding of how the coastal zone is changing
- Facilitates management of sediment and projects at a regional, or watershed scale



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### **CSAT Inputs and Formats**

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### **JALBTCX NCMP** Topobathy Integration

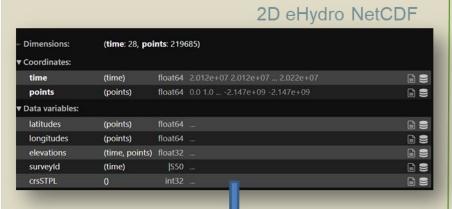
• Workflow to format NCMP topobathy lidar for integration with CSAT's eHydro input.



• Jupyter Lab notebooks leveraging custom CSAT Python environment and the ESRI REST API.

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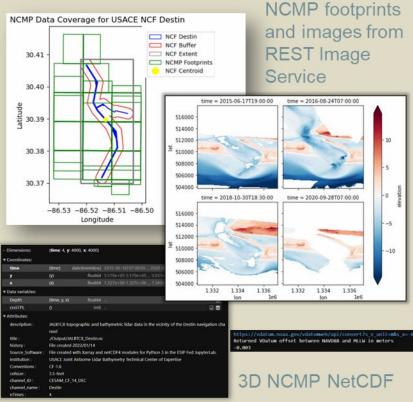
# (1) Transform eHydro input from 2D to 3D NetCDF



#### 3D eHydro NetCDF

- Dimensions:	(time: 28, latitude: 829, longitude: 265)									
Coordinates:										
time	(time)	float64	2.012e+07 2.012e+07 2.022e+07							
latitude	(latitude)	float64	5.127e+05 5.126e+05 5.044e+05	6						
longitude	(longitude)	float64		8						
🕶 Data variables:										
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surveyld	(time)	\$50		6 2						
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# (2) Query and extract NCMP topobathy and write to 3D NetCDF



# (3) Combine eHydro and NCMP 3D NetCDFs $\rightarrow$ 2D

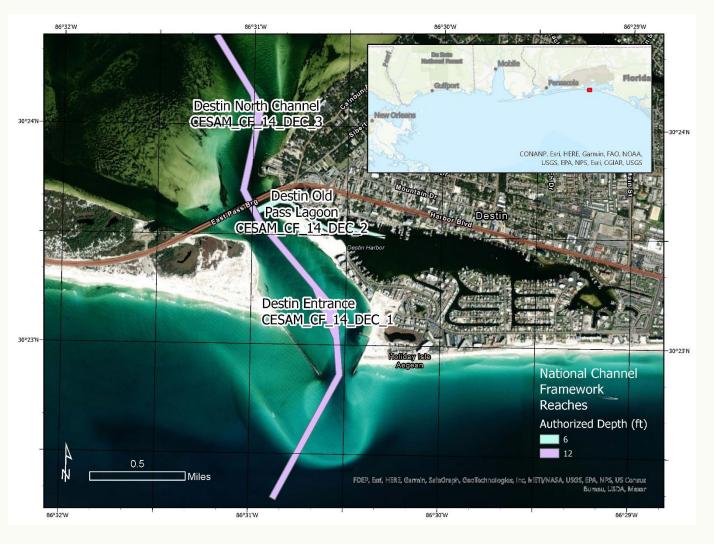
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xarray.Dataset			
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### **Case Study from East Pass Inlet (Destin, FL)**

#### **Overview**

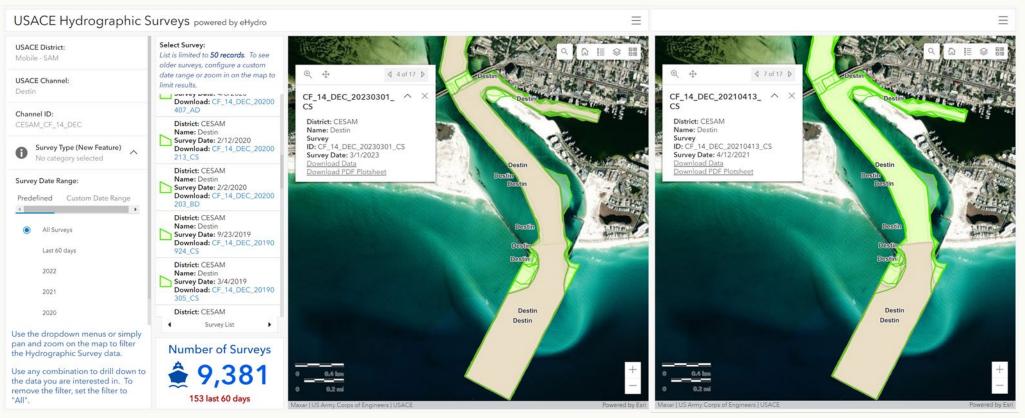
- Tidal connection between Gulf of Mexico and Choctawatchee Bay
- Authorized as Federal navigation channel in 1930 and re-authorized in 1951
- Dredged materials beneficially used for nourishment of beaches
- Develop understanding of broader shoaling patterns to inform dredging and nourishments
- Compare shoaling rates derived from combined eHydro + NCMP input vs. eHydro input alone



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### **Case Study from East Pass Inlet (Destin, FL)**

#### Spatial distribution of survey coverage

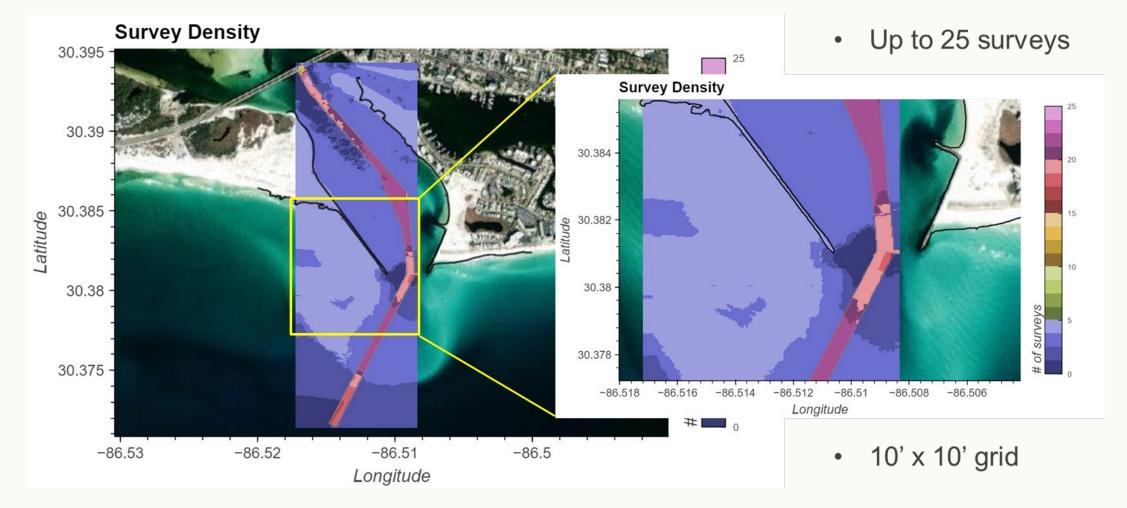


Survey coverage can be complete or partial

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### **Case Study from East Pass Inlet (Destin, FL)**

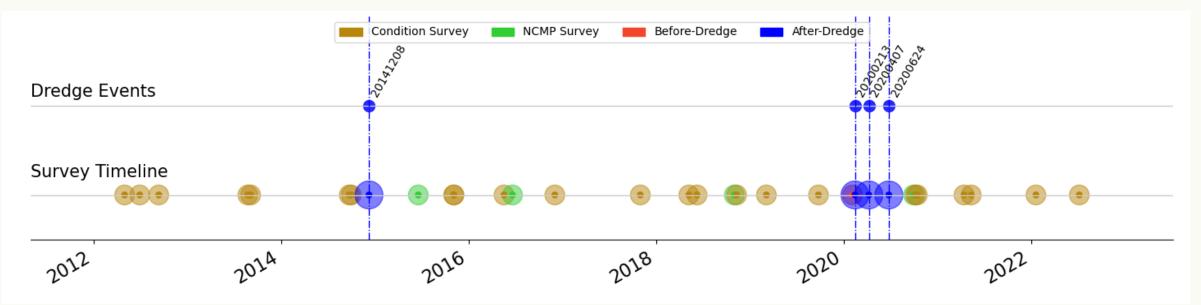
#### Spatial distribution of survey coverage



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### **Case Study from East Pass Inlet (Destin, FL)**

#### Temporal distribution of surveys and dredge events



- Dredge events define the aggregation of survey pairs
- NCMP survey dates represent the mid-point of data acquisition operations
- CSAT mosaics surveys within 10-day window by default, can override

### **CSAT Workflow – Survey Type**

#### After-Dredge

- Comparison of elevation differences between surveys
- Identify After-Dredge surveys use as first survey in shoaling rate set

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Rate<sub>2</sub>

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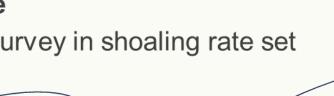
#### **Before-Dredge**

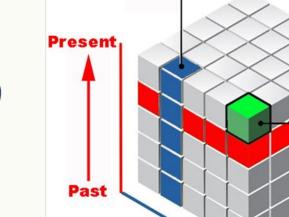
Rate<sub>1</sub>

• Used as last survey in shoaling rate set

Dredge Event

Time





Time

Series

**Time Slice** 

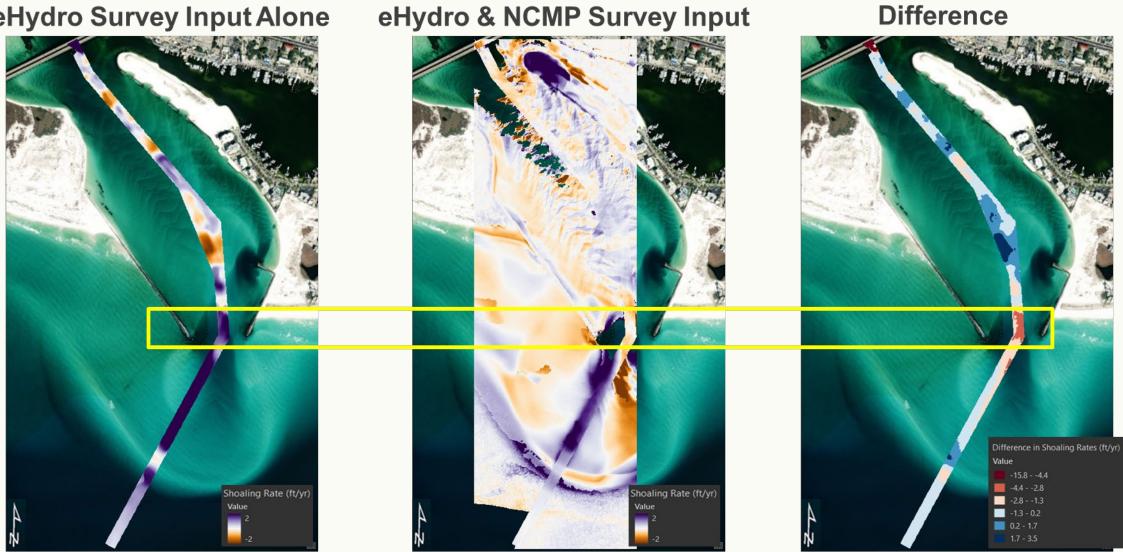
Bin (x,y,z)

Х  $\sum (w_i \Delta z_i)$  $\overline{m} =$  $\sum W_i$  $\overline{m} = \text{mean}(m_{14}, m_{58})$ 

Volume Above Project Depth

**CSAT Results – Shoaling Rates** 

eHydro Survey Input Alone



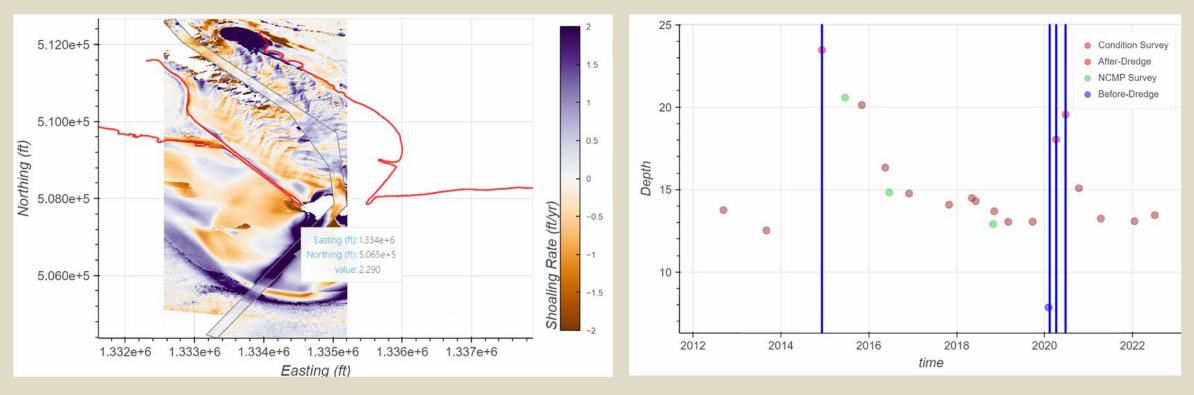
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### **CSAT Results – Shoaling Rates**

#### **Shoaling Rate Map**

**Depth Timeseries** 



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- + Shoaling Rate: Shoaling
- Shoaling Rate: Deepening

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### **CSAT Results – Reach-level Volume Tables**

• Report volumes at different depth/time intervals and shoaling rates

TimeToDredge	VA_p5	VA_p4	VA_p3	VA_p2	VA_p1	VA_p0	VA_s1	VA_s2	VA_s3	VA_s4	VA_s5
0 months	5,277,326	4,709,810	4,161,942	3,637,607	3,143,820	2,685,010	2,267,012	1,900,817	1,611,541	1,414,314	1,264,837
6 months	5,377,743	4,807,305	4,256,127	3,727,511	3,227,841	2,760,954	2,332,280	1,956,409	1,656,259	1,450,644	1,295,512
12 months	5,481,160	4,907,247	4,352,916	3,820,777	3,315,999	2,843,267	2,406,436	2,019,254	1,707,176	1,491,756	1,330,476
18 months	5,587,514	5,010,668	4,452,785	3,916,886	3,407,575	2,929,596	2,486,705	2,090,484	1,766,414	1,538,328	1,369,736
24 months	5,695,672	5,116,441	4,555,766	4,016,596	3,502,759	3,019,377	2,571,062	2,167,815	1,834,612	1,592,922	1,414,221
30 months	5,805,431	5,223,905	4,660,757	4,118,769	3,601,437	3,113,169	2,659,079	2,249,659	1,908,714	1,656,348	1,465,723
36 months	5,916,642	5,332,968	4,767,489	4,222,800	3,702,391	3,210,065	2,750,819	2,335,663	1,987,463	1,726,626	1,524,763
42 months	6,029,186	5,443,500	4,875,794	4,328,618	3,805,313	3,309,294	2,845,555	2,425,053	2,070,282	1,802,202	1,590,258
48 months	6,142,960	5,555,394	4,985,523	4,435,985	3,909,987	3,410,762	2,942,680	2,517,291	2,156,354	1,881,611	1,661,307
54 months	6,257,877	5,668,471	5,096,614	4,544,815	4,016,213	3,514,097	3,042,170	2,612,088	2,245,415	1,964,139	1,736,753
60 months	6,373,870	5,782,732	5,208,877	4,654,943	4,123,891	3,618,999	3,143,705	2,709,253	2,337,389	2,049,595	1,815,615

**0\_months** row is equivalent to Summary Planning Quantities (SPQs)

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### **Summary and Future Work**

#### Summary

- Quantitative analysis of navigation channels is critically important to supporting the USACE Navigation Mission Area
- The Corps Shoaling Analysis Tool (CSAT) provides shoaling rates within the boundary of the National Channel Framework (NCF) and predictions for future dredging volumes
- CSAT capabilities show potential for expansion beyond the NCF and opportunities for linkages with other tools to support Navigation O&M
- Semi-automated production of consistent data analytics for the Corps' coastal navigation portfolio ensures limited financial resources are rationally allocated according to channel maintenance needs

#### FY23 Advances in Capability

- Extending CSAT capabilities beyond the NCF
  - Formalizing workflow for integrating JALBTCX topobathy lidar data into CSAT's Input Generation routine
  - Adding capability for shoaling rate computations with user-supplied polygons

#### Improved QA/QC Tools

- Jupyter Notebooks with interactive widgets to explore input surveys, dredging events and intervals, and shoaling rates
- Documentation
  - Verification and validation of NavPortal Integration
  - Streamline installation and update the User Guide

#### Planned Outyear Products/Advances

- Improved Datum Transformation Support
- Continued integration with USACE NavPortal web interface
- Implementation of additional shoaling rates

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#### Team

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- Dr. Jack Cadigan
- Dr. Rachel Bain
- Charlene Sylvester
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#### Website

https://cirp.usace.army.mil/products/csat.php

### Thank You!

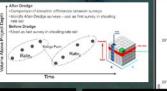
# Corps Shoaling Analysis Tool













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