# C2SHORE Comparision with Laboratory Data

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### C2SHORE Hydrodynamics

#### 2 C2SHORE Sediment Transport

- Suspended Sediment
- Bedload

# 3 CMS Model Results

- LSTF
- OSU

#### Phase-averaged hydrodynamics

Extension to model system for currents and phase-averaged waves

- CMS wave + CMS flow
- STWAVE + AdH

#### Dissipation and Shear

Time-averaging for hydrodynamics is done with assumed pdf for random waves

### Example Hydrodynamic Closure for Bottom Shear

$$\tau_b = \rho \frac{f_b}{2} \overline{|u|u}$$

 $u = \tilde{u} + \overline{U} =$ total instantaneous velocity

Define probabilistic variable  $r = \tilde{u}/\sigma_T$  where  $\tilde{u}$  is the instantaneous velocity with a standard deviation of  $\sigma_T$ .

$$f = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left\{\frac{-r^2}{2}\right\}$$

Then

$$\tau_b = \rho \frac{f_b}{2} \sigma_T^2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left| \frac{\overline{U}}{\sigma_T} + r \right| \left\{ \frac{\overline{U}}{\sigma_T} + r \right\} f dr$$

#### Sand Suspension

Suspension is assumed proportional to dissipation by breaking and bottom friction

#### Suspended Transport

Wave-related suspended transport is fixed empirically in the direction of wave propagation

#### Bedload

Bedload is assumed to be driven in direction of currents and wave propagation

# Sand Suspention

$$V_s = \frac{e_B D_B + e_f D_f}{\rho g(s-1)w_f} P_s$$

$$V_s = \int_{z_b}^{0} c \, dz$$
  

$$e_B, e_f = \text{Efficiencies}$$
  

$$D_f = \rho \frac{f_b}{2} \overline{|u| u^2}$$
  

$$D_B = \text{CMS wave computed}$$

$$\rho g = \text{weight of water}$$

$$s = s.g.$$
 sand

$$w_f$$
 = sediment fall velocity

$$P_s = \operatorname{Prob}\left(\left\{\frac{D'_f}{\rho}\right\}^{1/3} > w_f\right)$$



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### Suspended Transport



Data: Wave-related  $\propto H^2$ , but  $\overline{U} \propto H^2$  !

$$q_{sx} = U_{CMS}V_s + aU_{RC}V_s \quad ; \quad a \simeq 0.5$$

$$q_{bx} = \frac{P_b}{g(s-1)} \left[ b\sigma_u^3 \cos \alpha + \left(\frac{f_b}{2}\right)^{3/2} \gamma F_U \right]$$

$$P_s = \operatorname{\mathbf{Prob}}\left(\tau_b' > \tau_c\right)$$

$$b = \text{empiric bedload parameter}$$

$$\gamma$$
 = Meyer-Peter Mueller parameter

$$F_u$$
 = third moments of the currents, waves

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# CMS cmcards File

#### Example (Lund-CIRP transport)

!Sediment Transport CALC\_SEDIMENT\_TRANSPORT MORPH\_START\_TIME SED\_TRANS\_FORMULATION TRANSPORT\_FORMULA

ON 1.0 hrs NET LUND-CIRP

#### Example (CSHORE transport)

!Sediment Transport	
CALC_SEDIMENT_TRANSPORT	ON
MORPH_START_TIME	1.0 hrs
SED_TRANS_FORMULATION	NET
TRANSPORT_FORMULA	CSHORE
CSHORE_EFFB	0.003
CSHORE_BLP	0.001
CSHORE_SLP	0.5

#### Example (Matlab script)

```
% Name assign for site
g.name = 'lstf';
addpath(g.name)
% set the input params
params
% set plotting and save params
g.plot.waves
                       = 1:
g.plot.vel
                       = 0:
% Set up bathy
g = make_bathy(g);%(site-specific)
cms_write_cart(g)
% set offshore waves and write bc files
g = make_wavebc(g); %(site-specific)
cms_write_eng(g);
cms_write_dep(g);
% make bid file
g = cms_write_bid(g);
% swap in any params
cms_swapincmcards(g,'TRANSPORT_FORMULA',g.transport_formula);
cms_swapincmcards(g,'CSHORE_EFFB',g.cseffb)
cms_swapincmcards(g,'CSHORE_BLP',g.csblp)
cd(g.name)
%run CMS
system(['/home/iohnson/wes/cms-git/cms2d/trunk/source/cms '.g.name.'.cmcards']):
```

# LSTF Laboratory Setup



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# LSTF Laboratory Setup

- Longshore uniform
- Random waves
- $10^{\circ}$  angle of incidence
- 20 Pumps return flow to up-drift side
- Well-sorted sand, d = .15mm
- Quasi-equilibrium beach



# LSTF Wave Height



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### LSTF Cross-shore Current



# LSTF Longshore Current



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# LSTF Sediment Transport



# LSTF Sediment Transport



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# LSTF Morphology Change



# LSTF Longshore Transport



# OSU Laboratory Setup



# **OSU Free Surface**



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# **OSU** Wave Height





## **OSU Suspended Sediment**



# **OSU Suspended Sediment**

- Concentration is within factor of 2
- $e_B$  twice as large as LSTF case



- C2SHORE is fully implemented in CMS (For single grain size).
- Extension to 2DH has reasonable justification.
- Matlab interface is more effective for research/production than District use.
- Two cases where we get the unusual opportunity to directly test sed transport
- Reasonable results, indicate some weaknesses, e.g. no swash representation