

CORPS SHOALING ANALYSIS TOOL (CSAT) ADVANCEMENTS

COASTAL NAVIGATION PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

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COASTAL INLETS RESEARCH PROGRAM

FY21 IN PROGRESS REVIEW

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LABORATORY



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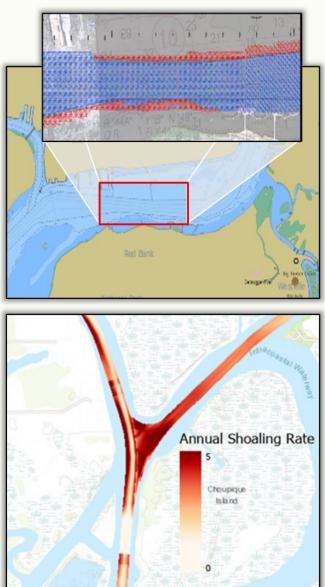
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Problem

- Quantitative analysis of navigation channel conditions is critically important to supporting the USACE Navigation Mission area.
- Accurate shoaling estimation is critical for designing various aspects of navigation projects:
 - Advanced maintenance depth selections
 - Dredged material management plan development
 - Erosion control and sediment training structure designs.

Statements of Need:

- 2021-N-1671 Corps Shoaling Analysis Tool (CSAT) Enhancement (#1 Ranked submission)
- 2015-N-15 Integration of national and local monitoring datasets to support navigation and operations projects
- 2015-N-34 Incorporating methods to evaluate length of navigation channel required for safe and efficient travel of two way traffic in ship simulations



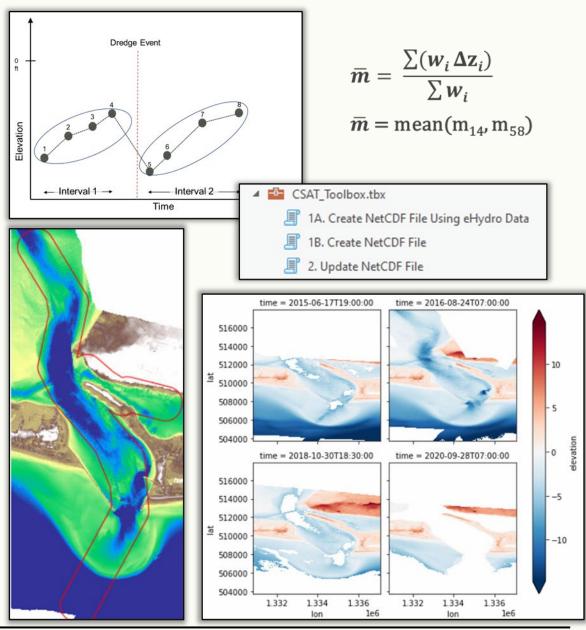
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Capability and Strategic Impact Statement

Shoaling rates can be used to identify hot spots or areas of increased sedimentation, *allowing engineers and scientists to evaluate environmental and human-induced changes on the Navigation portfolio*. Additionally, CSAT shoaling rates and channel navigability supports decision makers efforts to *maximize the use of Operations and Maintenance (O&M) funding* in the Navigation Business Line.

Approach and Methods

- Additional shoaling rate methods were introduced to reduce influence of depth changes related to high surveying frequency.
- Extending analysis beyond National Channel Framework (NCF):
 - Existing capabilities were closely linked to eHydro surveys and NCF, with some workarounds
 - User feedback expressed need to support user-provided AOIs, non-eHydro surveys
 - Solution:
 - ArcGIS Toolbox to prepare local surveys
 - Workflow to obtain NCMP lidar data through existing JALBTCX web services
- Cloud-based input creation and CSAT execution:
 - SAM Spatial Data Branch + Microsoft FastTrack
 - Azure Functions + Blob based triggers + HTTP Triggers
 - Unexpected challenge: ESRI Product Licensing in the cloud → Move towards Open Source alternatives



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Summary

FY21 Major Advances in Capability

- New shoaling rate estimation methods
 - Weighted Average, Weighted Average (MedFilt), End Point Method

Extended CSAT capabilities beyond the NCF

- ArcGIS Toolbox for preparing local survey data from non-eHydro sources
- Workflow for integrating JALBTCX lidar data (Jupyter Notebook)

Improved QA/QC Tools

- GUI components built inside Jupyter Notebooks
- Input Survey Viewer
- Shoaling Rate Output Explorer

Planned Outyear Products/Advances

- Fully automated input generation from eHydro
- Continued development of JALBTCX integration
- Improved Datum Transformation Support

FY21 Major Products & Collaborations

- Updated CSAT inputs/outputs being hosted using Azure Blob Storage Containers
- 1 JA: ASCE Special Issue
- 1 TN: Shoaling rate estimation methods (draft)
- Direct District support: CESAS, CESWG
- CSAT Training Webinars: (60+22) attendees
- 3 Webinars: eHydro CoP, CEPOH, CESAJ
- CIRP TD: February 9, 2021
- RD20 Presentation: Channel Availability
- Collaborations: Microsoft FastTrack program, NavPortal
- Leveraging to other Programs:
 - DIG Dredging Data Fusion
 - DIG Dredge Project Selection Optimization
 - RSM Alternatives in SWP
 - RSM Calcasieu River Sediment Fingerprinting

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